

Volume 47



President's Note, by Dan Kneip

We have been hearing a lot about the need to reduce our lawns and to help bring back some biological diversity to our environment. Our recent discussions in support of lawn alternatives were based on the detrimental effects of the monoculture lawn which does not support insects, including pollinators, and therefore is not beneficial to our backyard birds.

We also need to look at more of our common practices employed in lawn culture that are extremely important. One of them is the use of commercial fertilizers. An article on Natural Lawn Care techniques from Gardeners Supply Company, cites the use of three million tons of nitrogen-based fertilizers per year to support the fertile green lawns of the USA. Unfortunately, a study by the EPA indicated that 40 to 60 percent of this nitrogen is not used by the lawn grass and ends up in our surface water or groundwater. The excess nitrogen in our surface and ground water causes many undesirable effects, such as algae blooms and eutrophication.

While the above studies looked only at nitrogen, it is well known that phosphorus usage and the nutrient imbalances created have many similar and equally detrimental effects on the environment. The prevalent use of synthetic fertilizers in agriculture, although deemed necessary to attend food production for our expanding population, needs to be questioned and alternatives need more study. The recent popularity of regenerative agriculture is a positive development in the agricultural field.

The main obstacle to changing from monoculture turf lawns to a more natural and ecologically productive landscape is the cultural aspect. Homeowners like the look of a green lawn around their homes. There is competition between neighbors, comparing who has the greenest lawn and incredibly about who spends the most on lawn care or has the biggest lawnmower or the loudest leaf blower. This needs to change and will only change when we each do our small part. Plant that patch of native prairie! Do not use herbicides to kill the dandelions! Do not bag up your fallen leaves! You may get some dirty looks, but it is more likely that you will be able to start a conversation with your neighbors and have the opportunity to show them what you are doing and what benefits you will be creating.

The speaker for our February meeting will be joining us via Zoom. Join us in person at the UUF - 3226 Maine Prairie Rd, St Cloud or by Zoom. Request your link to for Zoom to centralmnaudubon@gmail.com by noon on Wednesday Feb 19.

*Follow us on Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/centralminnaudubonchapter/ · Watch for our upcoming webpage: https://centralmnaudubon org/ · Email: centralmnaudubon@gmail.com Central MN Audubon Society Officers

February 2025



<u>February 14-17, 2025</u> Great Backyard Bird Count

Calendar



Feb 15, 2025 09- 12 noon CMAS group outing for Great Backyard Bird Count Meet at the Beaver Island Trailhead/boat ramp, SCSU below the

dam in St Cloud.

<u>February 19, 2025</u> CMAS Meeting 7 p.m.







 March 19, 2025

 CMAS Meeting 6:30 p.m.

 Location: St. Cloud Library, Mississippi Room

Speaker: Todd Burlet - Starry Skies North Subject: Importance of dark skies to plants and animals *This is a joint presentation by CMAS, St. Cloud Flower and Garden Club, Central MN Master Naturalists, Wild Ones, and Stearns County Horticultural Club. Each group will have a table. The room will be open by 5:30 p.m.



<u>April 16, 2025</u> CMAS Meeting 7 p.m.



Location: Unitarian Universalist Church and Zoom Speaker: Tom Poser - Natural Resources Technician, Stearns County Parks Department

Subject: Projects within the County Park System • April 2025 – date to be determined

Woodcock Outing – Sand Prairie Wildlife Management Area, St Cloud

Our newsletter has been published eight times a year, seven editions sent by USPS and by email. The summer edition was only sent by email to those who have provided their address either to CMAS directly or to the National Audubon Society. Once the website is up and running, we will be transitioning to only doing electronic newsletters, which we anticipate to be at the end of 2025, but could possibly be sooner. We will announce the final printed version. Providing your e-mail address helps us to have a backup form of communication for the newsletter and allows us to communicate schedules or changes in activities in a prompt and efficient manner ahead of the changeover. Please help us by providing your email to <u>centralmnaudubon@gmail.</u> com

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Biodiversity Crisis "What's the Rush"

In the video What's the Rush?, co-founder of Homegrown National Park, Douglas Tallamy explains how each of us can be part of solving the biodiversity crisis via a massive science-based grassroots movement. Our CMAS chapter watched and discussed this video at our January meeting. Read on to see how your small or large actions can make huge impacts.

Tallamy talks about the loss of Biodiversity, what's happening in the US and the world and what we can do about it.

Converting hope to action starts with lawns.

In the United States:



· 2 million acres of golf courses

· 44 million acres of lawns

· 78% of the land is privately owned

 \cdot We have paved over an area the size of Ohio

· Every 30 seconds a football field of natural areas disappears to development

- · Insect populations have taken a major decline Globally:
- \cdot 2/3 of the earth's wildlife is gone

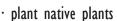
· One million species face extinction in the next 20 years

· Food production now claims nearly half of the earths land surface

Tallamy finds hope in our reaction to these sobering statistics. He states "We need to give up the notion that humans and nature cannot coexist." So what's the rush? If we convert 1,000 acres of lawn per month it will take 1,200 years to restore half of the 44 million acres of lawns in the United States. The time to start letting nature thrive on your own property is today.

So what do we do? Nature can thrive where humans live.

· reduce lawn areas



· remove invasives

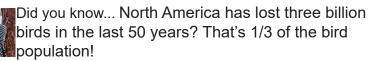


- · protect natural areas on your property
- · stop using herbicides or pesticides in your yard

· use a native plant nursery, consultant or landscaper if you don't want to tackle this yourself. The DNR maintains a list of companies specific to Central Minnesota. Search "native plant supplier MN DNR"

After viewing the video CMAS members discussed ideas. We shared what we have done as a group and as individuals. CMAS promotes participation in No Mow May, Light's Out, and Lawns to Legumes. CMAS also provided support for a pollinator class and native planting at the St. Cloud Roosevelt Boys & Girls Club. CMAS facilitates ongoing education and networking opportunities for our members. Individual members have planted native plants on their properties, removed invasive species and volunteered for many restoration efforts.

Join your fellow Audubon members and be part of this extraordinary cooperative conservation movement. Together we can regenerate biodiversity and see the impact of our actions almost immediately. You can also watch Tallamy's presentation. Search: What's the Rush Tallamy. (Note 2 versions: long 49 minutes, short 25 minutes)



Muchas gracias... Merci beaucoup... Vielen Dank... in other words...Thank you SO MUCH!!

Sincere thanks go out to John and Linda Peck, Ken and Linda Marie Bachofer, and Roger and Jeanette Busch for your generous donations to Central MN Audubon Society! Thanks also go out to Ann Bajari for a donation through GiveMN! Your donations will be put to good use and are truly appreciated!

CORRECTION: 2024 Christmas Bird Count Recap

Congratulations (and thank you) to Regina Birchem for catching that the bird list was not complete in the recap! While the numbers were correct, the list was not. Birds that were missed have now been added. Here was our list:

Canada Goose 979 Wood Duck 1 Common Goldeneye 6 Common Merganser 4 Ring-necked Pheasant 6 Bald Eagle 15 Red-tailed Hawk 6 Eastern Screech Owl 1 Belted Kingfisher 1 Downy Woodpecker 35 Pileated Woodpecker 9 Blue Jay 71 Common Raven 1 Red-breasted Nuthatch 6 Brown Creeper 5 European Starling 276 American Robin 118 House Finch 72 Redpoll 10 American Goldfinch 48 Dark-eyed Junco 234 White-throated Sparrow 8 Northern Cardinal 19

Trumpeter Swan 98 Mallard 1320 Cedar Waxwing 8 Wild Turkey 109 Rock Pigeon 231



Sharp-shinned Hawk 1 Rough-legged Hawk 1 Great Horned Owl 3 Red-bellied Woodpecker 23 Hairy Woodpecker 15 Northern Shrike 2 American Crow 179 Black-capped Chickadee 194 White-breasted Nuthatch 86 Golden-crowned Kinglet 4 Northern Mockingbird 1 House Sparrow 61 Purple Finch 13 White-winged Crossbill 50 American Tree Sparrow 41 Fox sparrow 1

The two additional species during count week were a Long-eared Owl and a Northern Flicker.





are indicators of the environment. If they are in trouble, we know we'll soon be in trouble.

😋 Roger Tory Peterson



Looking for ways to make a difference?

Donations are welcome for our fund to assist with continuing to print the newsletter, create birding backpacks and to bring quality speakers to the meetings. If you choose to help out, please make out a check to Central MN Audubon Society (CMAS) and send it to our President, Dan Kneip. THANK YOU SO MUCH!!

CMAS is now registered to receive donations via GiveMN: <u>https://www.givemn.org/</u>



To find us, type in - Central Minnesota Audubon Society Thank you for your support!!

Local Membership: Some CMAS members may wish to only belong and support our local Chapter, without belonging to National Audubon and receiving the Audubon magazine. Local members do receive our Green-Backed Gazette. Membership cost is \$20 annual or \$15 annual if you choose to receive the newsletter electronically only (paperless). Please contact a board member if interested in this option.